

PACKING LIST - APPALACHIAN AUTUMN ADVENTURES

Additions to packing list:

- 1 Oral/forehead thermometer - Temperatures will be taken on the first day of the trip to make sure no one is actively sick. We ask each participant to take their own temperature each morning. If your temperature is greater than 99, you need to let your guides know immediately.**
- 2 Hand Sanitizers - 1 small container to take in your backpack and 1 larger container to use at the lodging and for refilling your hiking one.**
- 2 - 7 Face masks (if using paper masks, plan to have a new one for each day. If using cloth masks, bring at least 2 and plan to alternate them so they can be washed on every other day basis. Other options include bandanas and buffs. These will be used during shuttles and kept with you during hikes/activities in case they are needed.**
- 1-2 pair plastic gloves (optional)**

FOOTWEAR

- 1 pair of lightweight hiking boots or shoes
- 1 pair of comfortable athletic shoes, Teva/Chaco/Keen sandals, or crocs for general use
- 1 pair water shoes, neoprene socks/booties for rafting day. **Please note:** You do need to wear shoes that have either a heel or a heel strap for rafting. If you are OK with getting your casual shoes (noted above) wet then you do not need another pair of shoes. Slide type sandals and flip flops cannot be used for rafting.
- 2-3 pairs of hiking socks (some people also like to wear liner socks)

CLOTHING

- 1 pair of comfortable synthetic/nylon long or ¾ pants for hiking. Zip-offs work well
- 1 pair of shorts (optional, especially if you have zip-off pants)
- 1 lightweight, light-colored, long-sleeved shirt to protect you from the sun – button up the front is best
- 1-2 synthetic T-shirts or short-sleeved shirts
- 1 lightweight fleece jacket or wool sweater
- 1 medium-weight top layer (Options include a long-sleeved wool shirt, lightweight fleece pull-over or lightweight fleece/wool vest)
- 1 rain jacket/poncho and rain pants – **waterproof**/breathable fabric like Gore-tex - not a lightweight plastic poncho
- Underwear/nightwear
- 1 wide-brimmed hat or baseball cap for protection from the sun
- 1 lightweight wool or fleece hat
- 1 lightweight pair wool or fleece gloves
- 1 – 2 changes of comfortable clothes to wear around the lodge and out to dinner
- Swimsuit

TOILETRIES (small everything)

- Toothbrush, toothpaste, dental floss, hand sanitizer, contact lens paraphernalia, and sanitary supplies
- Sunscreen and lip protection with sunblock of at least SPF 15
- Insect repellent
- Personal first aid/patch kit - Band-Aids, 1 safety pin, moleskin, Compeed (or blister bandages), ibuprofen, any personal medications

Please note: Individuals who have had or have the potential for a severe allergic reaction to insect stings, specific foods or medications must bring an epi-pen. Please consult your physician and tell your guide.

ESSENTIALS

- 1 daypack large enough to hold your supplies for the day (water, snacks, sunscreen, raingear, fleece jacket, personal patch kit, etc.). See notes on packing list
- Capability to 'waterproof' your backpack. Either a rain cover or a heavy-duty plastic bag to line your pack.
- Capacity to carry 1-2 liters of water
- Sunglasses (100% UV protection) w/retention strap
- Small headlamp or flashlight
- Wristwatch/travel alarm clock
- Tupperware-like container for sandwich/lunch
- Hiking poles (**optional but recommended for your hike up Blood Mountain**)
- Ear plugs (for a good night's sleep!)
- Your favorite snack (snacks will be provided-but bring if you have a personal preference)
- 1 – 2 bandanas/buff

OPTIONAL (personal preference, not required)

- Camera (extra battery) and film/memory card
- Binoculars
- Book, notebook, journal, pencil/pen
- Watch/travel alarm clock

NOTES ON PACKING

Adventures in Good Company's packing list includes items to help you be prepared for the various activities and conditions. It is not personalized, so please add the items that you require to travel safely and comfortably but remember – less is better! You may not use everything you bring; however, you need to come prepared for all possible weather. At the same time, you must be able to carry your own luggage, sometimes up and downstairs. Bringing a duffel bag or soft-sided suitcase with wheels, rather than a hard-sided suitcase, is easier for packing into the vans that will be transporting our luggage. **As space for luggage on our trips is limited, please do not overpack!**

Daypacks: Your daypack should be large enough to hold the following items: 1 – 2 liters of water, rain gear, lunch/snacks (for the day), sunscreen, warm layer (fleece pullover or vest), personal first aid kit, lightweight gloves, warm hat and personal items such as camera, etc. We recommend a daypack with a capacity of between 25 – 30 Liters with a hip belt, padded shoulder straps, and “lifters”. Line your daypack with a durable plastic bag to keep your belongings dry, and/or have an elasticized pack cover that fits snugly over it. Before you leave home check to be sure that it is comfortable to wear all day and has sufficient space for all of your items. **IMPORTANT: Before you leave home check to be sure that it is comfortable to wear all day and has sufficient space for all of your items.** Note: Fanny-packs and hydration packs are not large enough to hold all of the items you will need for the day.

Footwear: Well-fitting, sturdy boots or trail shoes are very important to your safety and enjoyment. If you plan to buy new boots, break them in by wearing them around town and taking some short hikes *before* your trip. For general hiking, lightweight or midweight Cordura or leather boots with a Vibram sole work well. If you have weak ankles or are recovering from an ankle injury, get boots that come above the ankle– you’ll find that this will give you more support in uneven or slippery terrain. Remember to waterproof your boots before the trip. Even boots billed as ‘waterproof’ need to be treated with a waterproofing product.

Clothing: The clothing listed on the packing list has been chosen for your specific trip conditions and for its versatility for layering. NO COTTON for your active wear! It should all be made from synthetic/synthetic blends, down/down blends or wool/wool blends. Layering is the most practical and efficient method of insulating the body. Several layers of varied weight materials provide better insulation than one thick Layer of clothing. Also, adding or subtracting layers allows you to adjust to the temperature at your particular level of activity.

Rain Gear: You will need a parka or jacket made of a coated nylon or a waterproof/breathable fabric like Gore-tex, HellyTech, Membrane, H2No, or Ultrex. **Be sure it keeps water out.** Before making this important purchase, be sure that it fits you properly. It should be large enough to fit over all your layers. In particular, the hood needs to be effective. It should shield your face from the rain and turn with your head. Movement of your arms must not interfere with the hood. Put on your daypack; can you still raise your arms? Your wind/rain pants should be comfortable, allow enough room for your layers, and permit free movement of your legs (for example, can you crouch comfortably?). Partial or full-length leg zippers are useful for easily putting your pants on over your boots.

Hydration: Being able to easily access your water without assistance, so that you can drink frequently, is important to your safety and enjoyment. One method is to have a water bottle attached to your waist strap. Another option is to use a **HYDRATION SYSTEM** such as CamelBak, Platypus, and MSR bladder bags, which are collapsible water bags with a hose attachment that you drink from. The bags fit inside or outside your pack with the hose positioned over your shoulder so that you can access your water as you hike. Bladder bags can hold 1 - 3 liters of water.

Personal First Aid Kit: Bring a small first aid kit with familiar medicine and first aid supplies you might need. Recommendations include the following: blister or foot remedies like moleskin, Compeed, blister bandages, or similar, a small roll of duct tape (always useful!), remedies for respiratory ailments, stomach ailments, sore muscles or joints. The guides will have a first aid kit but having what you know works well for you is a good idea.

Trekking Poles: Trekking poles are optional for this trip. Trekking poles are always recommended for our hiking trips.) Trekking poles contribute to your safety by improving your balance and stability, and to your health by saving stress on your hips and knees. If you are not familiar with trekking poles, [click here to read this blog post](#) that addresses the most commonly asked questions.